AMENDMENTS

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

These claims replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the above-referenced application.

. 1	1. (Currently Amended) A data communication system, comprising:
2	a number of nodes interconnected in a network, the nodes including a source
3	node, a destination node, and at least one intermediate node, wherein each of the
4	nodes include an ingress port and an egress port;
5	source logic in the source node to identify a data route from the source node to
6	the destination node through the at least one intermediate node, the data route being
. 7	communicated to each subsequent node in the data route via a data packet header
8	comprising an egress port of a next subsequent node, specified by a sequence of at
9	least one destination port value and a current hop count, and a total number of hops in
10	the data route, wherein each subsequent intermediate node includes routing logic
11	configured to route a data packet associated with the data packet header in response to
12	the egress port independent of the state of a routing table associated with the node that
13	are attached to a data packet to be transmitted from the source node to the destination
14	node;
15	routing logic in the at least one intermediate node to route the data packet
16	along the data route; and
17	destination logic in the destination node to detect a final destination of the data
18	packet .
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1	2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising:
2	return routing logic in the at least one each subsequent intermediate node
3	configured to insert record at least one source an ingress port value indicator into the
4	data packet header, the indicator responsive to the port where the data packet was
5	received of the at least one intermediate node in the data packet; and

wherein a total hops value is attached to the data packet.

1	3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising a
2	routing table located in the source node, the routing table containing at least one data
3 -	route from the source node to the destination node.
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1	4. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the routing
2	logic further comprises logic to decrement the current hop count.
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1	5. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising
2	destination logic in the destination node configured to swap the ingress port indicator
3	with the egress port in the data packet header of the data packet in response to the
4	condition when the current hop count exceeds a threshold value wherein the return
5	routing logic further comprises logic to replace the at least one destination port value
6	in the data packet with the source port value of the at least one intermediate node.
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1	6. (Currently Amended) A data communication system, comprising:
2	a number of nodes interconnected in a network, the nodes including a source
3 .	node, a destination node, and at least one intermediate node, wherein each of the
4	nodes include an ingress port and an egress port;
5	path identification means in the source node for identifying a data route from
6	the source node to the destination node through the at least one intermediate node, the
7	data route being communicated to each subsequent node in the data route via a data
8	packet header comprising an egress port of a next subsequent node, specified by a
9	sequence of at least one destination port value and a current hop count, and a total
10	number of hops in the data route, wherein each subsequent intermediate node includes
11	routing means configured to route a data packet associated with the data packet header
12	in response to the next subsequent node's egress port independent of the state of a
13	routing table associated with the node that are attached to a data packet to be
14	transmitted from the source node to the destination node;
15	routing means in the at least one intermediate node for routing the data packet
16	along the data route; and
17	destination means in the destination node for detecting an the arrival of a the
18	data packet designated for at the destination node.

1	7. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 6, further comprising:
2	return routing means in the at least one each subsequent intermediate node fo
3	recording at least one source an ingress port value indicator responsive to the port
4	where the data packet was received of the at least one intermediate node in the data
5	packet; and wherein a total hops value is attached to the data packet.
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1	8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 6, further comprising a
2	routing table located in the source node, the routing table containing at least one data
3	route from the source node to the destination node.
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1	9. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 6, wherein the routing
2	means further comprises means for decrementing the current hop count.
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1	10. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 7, wherein the return
2	routing means further comprises means for swapping the ingress port indicator with
3	the egress port and replacing the current hop count with the total number of hops at
4	least one destination port value in the data packet with the source port value of the at
5	least one intermediate node responsive to said destination means.
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1	11. (Currently Amended) A method for data communications, comprising
2	the steps of:
3	generating a data packet to transmit from a source node to a destination node
4	through at least one intermediate node in a network;
5	identifying a data route from the source node to the destination node through
6	the at least one intermediate node, the data route being communicated to each
7	subsequent node in the data route via a header associated with the data packet, the
8	header comprising an egress port of a next subsequent node, specified by a sequence
9	of at least one destination port-value and a current hop count, and a total number of
10	hops in the data route that are attached to the data packet to be transmitted from the
11	source node to the destination node;

routing the data packet along the data route in response to the egress port 12 independent of the state of a routing table associated with the node the at least one 13 intermediate node; and 14 detecting an the arrival of the data packet in at the destination node. 15 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, further comprising the 1 2 steps step of: 3 attaching a total hops value to the data packet; and recording at least one source an ingress port value indicator responsive to the 4 port of the respective subsequent node where the data packet was received along the 5 data route of the at least one intermediate node in the data packet in the at least one 6 intermediate node. 7 1 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of 1 2 identifying a data route from the source node to the destination node through the at 3 least one intermediate node further comprises the step of examining a routing table located in the source node, the routing table containing at least one data route from the 4 5 source node to the destination node. 1 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of 1 routing the data packet along the data route in the at least one intermediate node 2 further comprises the step of decrementing the current hop count. 3 1 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the step of 1 recording at least one source port value of the at least one intermediate node in the 2 data packet in the at least one intermediate node further comprises comprising the step 3 of replacing the ingress port indicator with the egress port in the data packet header of 4 the data packet in response to the condition when the current hop count falls below a 5 threshold value at least one destination port value in the data packet with the at least 6 one source port value of the at least one intermediate node. 7.

ı	(Currently Amended) A method for data communications, comprising:
2	providing a network having a plurality of nodes, the plurality of nodes
3	comprising at least a source node and a destination node;
4	using a source node to identify a preferred data route for transferring data from
5	the source node to the destination node;
6	generating a data packet having a header comprising an egress port indicator,
7	at least one destination port value and a current hop count, and a total hop count, the
8	data packet responsive to the preferred data route; and
9	routing the data packet along the preferred data route in accordance with the at
0	least one destination port value egress port indicator added to the header by the
ŀ	previous node along the data route and the current hop count, wherein routing is
2	accomplished independent of the state of a routing table in a node along the data route
3	comprises modifying the data packet by: and
4	decrementing the current hop count and replacing the at least one destination
5	port value at each subsequent node.
1	17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, further comprising:
2	using the current hop count to detect when the data packet has arrived at the
3	destination node.
1	18. (Canceled) The method of claim 16, wherein routing is accomplished
2	without performing a table lookup at intermediate nodes.
1	19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, further comprising:
2	inserting at least one source an ingress port value indicator and further
3	modifying in the data packet header.
1	20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, further comprising:
2	acknowledging receipt of the data packet at the destination node by resetting
3	the current hop count to the total hop count and swapping the at least one destination
4	and source port values ingress port indicator with the egress port indicator.

1	21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein
2	acknowledging receipt is accomplished independent of the state of a routing table in
3	the destination node.
1	22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein
2	acknowledging receipt further comprises routing the data packet back to the source
3	node
1	23. (Canceled) The method of claim 21, wherein routing comprises
2	forwarding the data packet by:
3	identifying the destination port value in the data packet;
4	decrementing the current hop count;
5	transmitting the data packet via a port in response to the destination port value;
6	and
7	repeating the identifying, decrementing, and transmitting processes when the
8	current hop exceeds a threshold value.
1	24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein
2	acknowledging receipt further comprises checking for a timeout.
1	25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 24, further comprising:
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2	using the source node to identify a next best data route for transferring data
3	from the source node to the destination node in response to the timeout; and
4	generating the a replacement data packet having an egress port indicator at
5	least one destination port value and a current hop count, and a total hop count, the data
6	packet responsive to the next best data route.